REMARKS

STATUS SUMMARY

Claims 1-4 are pending in the present application. The Examiner has objected to the

drawings, the specification, and the claims for certain formalities. The Examiner has rejected

claims 3 and 4 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, and has also rejected claims 1-4 under

35 U.S.C. § 103(a). Claims 1 and 3 have been amended. Additionally, new claims 5-20 have

been added.

AMENDMENTS TO DRAWINGS

The drawings are objected to because reference character "120" has been used to

designate both a device, the comb filter, and a signal. Also, reference character "132" has been

used to designate both FFT in element 106 of FIG. 1 and the duplexer in element 102 of FIG. 1.

And block 132 in element 102 of FIG. 1 does not have a descriptive label.

Applicants have remedied these matters by the following amendments. First, reference

character "112" is now used to identify the signal into mixer 110, and the lead line has been

moved to indicate that the reference character "112" refers to the signal into mixer 110 rather

than block L1. In addition, FIGs. 2A and 2B have been amended in that the reference character

"112" has been changed to "113" in FIG. 2A, and the reference character "120" has been

changed to "113" in FIG. 2B.

FIG. 1 has also been amended by designating the duplexer in element 106 of FIG. 1 as

"154", and by labeling block 132 in element 102 of FIG. 1 as "Duplexer". In addition, other

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corrections have been made to FIG. 1. Arrow heads have been added to signals 118, 122, 127,

and 130 of element 102, and to signals 140, 142, and 144, of element 106, as well as the lines

into mixer 156 and the duplexer(unlabeled), to indicate the direction of the signal flow.

Changes has also been made to FIG. 2F, which has been amended by changing the

reference character "130" to "127". This conforms to page 8, lines 4-8, which states that FIG. 2F

shows the first stage of compression prior to bandpass filtering by filter 128.

In view of the foregoing, Applicant respectfully submits that the objections to the

drawings has been overcome, and request that these objections be withdrawn.

AMENDMENTS TO SPECIFICATION

Page 4, line 5, of the specification has been objected to because the reference to FIGs.

2A-2H does not have separate descriptions of each of these figures. The appropriate paragraphs

have been added to the specification. Also, corrections were required on page 7, line 12, and

page 8, line 22, Applicant has made these changes to the specification.

Additional changes were made to the specification, which include changing "remote unit

104" on page 7, lines 12-13, to "remote receiver 102", changing the reference character "112" on

page 7, lines 17 and 22, to reference character "113", adding the reference character "106" on

page 9, line7, and other minor corrections of typographical errors.

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Claims 1-4 are objected to because in the original claim 1, line 5, it was suggested that

"a" be changed to "the". Applicant respectfully traverses this objection because in claim 1, line 1

refers to a method for compressing a GPS signal, line 2 refers to matching a comb filter to the

GPS signal to obtain a first output comprising filter lines, and line 5 refers to frequency shifting

the filter lines in the first output to produce a compressed GPS signal. Therefore, it appears that

claim 1 is acceptably clear with respect to the references between the limitations of the claim and

Applicant respectfully request that the Examiner withdraw the objections.

CLAIM REJECTION - 35 U.S.C. § 112, SECOND PARAGRAPH

Claims 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite

for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter that the applicant

regards as the invention. Specifically, the Examiner states that "the GPS receiver" in claim 3,

line 2, lacks antecedent basis.

Applicant has amended claim 3 to delete the entire phrase containing the term "the GPS

receiver" and therefore this rejection is now moot. In view of the foregoing, Applicant

respectfully submits that the rejection to claim 3 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, has

been overcome, and requests that this rejection be withdrawn.

CLAIM REJECTIONS - 35 U.S.C. § 103

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Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent

No. 5,757,916 issued to MacDoran et al. ("MacDoran '916") in view of U.S. Patent No.

4,797,677 issued to MacDoran et al. ("MacDoran '677"). Applicant respectfully traverses these

rejections because the cited references in combination fail to teach or suggest all the features or

elements recited in each of the rejected claims.

The Examiner states that the modified/combined apparatus and method of MacDoran

'916 and MacDoran '677 teach the following (referring to FIG. 3 of MacDoran '677):

removing the carrier component (L_1/L_2) of the received GPS signals from

antenna 30 by the multipliers 44 and 80;

matching a comb filter (element 62, or 72) to the received GPS signals

inputted to the multiplier 68 (column 6 lines 32-40), where the received GPS signals

comprises filter lines (the GPS signals shown as filter lines in spectrum); and

frequency shifting the received GPS signals inputted to the multiplier 68,

with the comb filter to produce a compressed signal of the filter lines at the output

of element 72.

Wherein the received GPS signals are separated from each other by a comb

filter (elements 62, or 72 Fig. 3 '677) stated in column 11 lines 15-20; and the delay

elements and the multipliers of Fig. 3 with the bank of comb filters comprised in the

channel spectral compressor (delay and multiply) (404/405 Fig.4 '916) compress the

GPS signals.

This modified/combined apparatus and method fails to teach each and every element or

feature recited in the rejected claim. In general, MacDoran '677 teaches a method and apparatus

for deriving the pseudo range of the user from a satellite without knowledge of the code sequence

of the modulation carried by the signal from the satellite, if any. (Col. 2, lines 16-19.) This is

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done by recovering selected components of the satellite signal. With respect to the filters

(elements 62 and 72, FIG. 3 of MacDoran '677), these filters, as well as filters 52, 88, and 98, are

bandpass filters with the pass bands being the number in parentheses inside the filter block. (Col.

5, lines 48-50.) The output of each bandpass filter is then downconverted utilizing tones from

synthesizer 40 in another mixer coupled to a signal processor for each selected component of the

satellite signal.

This element of the modified/combined apparatus and method does not teach the

matching of a comb filter to a received GPS signal to obtain a first output signal comprising filter

lines of claim 1, wherein the resultant signal 118 is filtered in a 1 kHz comb filter 120. (Page 7,

line 4.) As shown in FIG. 2D, the frequency spectrum of signal 122 output from the comb filter

120 is a series of signals, the number is dependent on the number of taps in the comb filter 120.

As for the frequency shifting of the filter lines in the first output signal, the

modified/combined apparatus and method also fails to teach mixing signal 118 with the output of

frequency generators 124, which may produce a series of signals at different frequencies, as

shown in FIG. 2E. (Page 8, lines 3-5). In contrast, the modified/combined apparatus and method

refers to producing a compressed signal of the filter lines at the output of element 72, which is,

again, a bandpass filter.

Claims 2, 3, and 4 depend directly or indirectly from claim 1, and therefore are

distinguishable over the modified/combined apparatus and method of MacDoran '916 and

MacDoran '677 for at least the same reasons.

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In view of the foregoing, Applicant respectfully submits that that claims 1, 2, 3, and 4 are

patentable under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) over MacDoran '916 and MacDoran '677, and therefore

requests that the rejection of claims 1, 2, 3, and 4 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) be withdrawn.

Moreover, the "frequency shifting the filter lines of the first output" of claim 1 refers to

mixing the output 122 of the comb filter 120 with outputs from frequency generators 124 into

mixers 126. Page 7, lines 5-5. This is not taught by the frequency shifting cited by the Examiner

when the Examiner refers to multiplier 68, which introduces a time delay into a GPS signal

output from a power divider. (Col. 6, lines 32-37).

CONCLUSION

In light of the above amendments and remarks, it is respectfully submitted that the present application is now in proper condition for allowance, and an early notice to such effect is earnestly solicited.

If any small matter should remain outstanding after the Examiner has had an opportunity to review the above Remarks, the Examiner is respectfully requested to telephone the undersigned attorney for the Applicant in order to resolve these matters and avoid the issuance of another Official Action.

By:

Respectfully submitted,

Date: <u>June 14, 2005</u>

Francisco A. Rubio-Campos

Registration No. 45,358

Attorney for Applicant Phone: (949) 448-9410

Fax: (714) 948-8903

The Eclipse Group

26895 Aliso Creek Road

Suite B-104

Aliso Viejo, CA 92656-5301

Customer No. 34408

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AMENDMENTS

TO THE DRAWINGS

Please enter the Replacement Sheets for FIGs. 1, 2A, 2B, and 2F attached hereto. Amendments have been made to FIGs. 1, 2A, 2B, and 2F as discussed below.

Attachment: Replacement Sheet FIG. 1

Replacement Sheet FIG. 2A Replacement Sheet FIG. 2B Replacement Sheet FIG. 2F